

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 17, 1984.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: James Alwood, Premanufacture Notice Management Branch, Chemical Control Division (TS-794), Office of Toxic Substances, Environmental Protection Agency, Rm. E-215, 401 M St. SW., Washington, DC. 20460, (202-382-3741).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 5(h)(1) of TSCA authorizes EPA to exempt persons from premanufacture notification (PMN) requirements and permit them to manufacture or import new chemical substances for test marketing purposes if the Agency finds that the manufacture, processing, distribution in commerce, use and disposal of the substances for test marketing purposes will not present any unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. EPA may impose restrictions on test marketing activities and may modify or revoke a test marketing exemption upon receipt of new information which casts significant doubt on its finding that the test marketing activity will not present any unreasonable risk of injury.

EPA hereby approves TME-84-66. EPA has determined that test marketing of the new chemical substance described below, under the conditions set out in the TME application, and for the time periods and restrictions (if any) specified below, will not present any unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment. Production volumes, number of workers exposed to the new chemical, and the levels and durations of exposure must not exceed those specified in the application. All other conditions and restrictions described in the application and in this notice must be met.

TME 84-66.

Date of Receipt: July 12, 1984.

Notice of Receipt: July 20, 1984 (49 FR 29450).

Applicant: Hercules Incorporated.

Chemical: (G) Phenolic modified rosin ester.

Use: (S) Component of ink vehicles.

Import Volume: 40,000 kg.

Number of Customers: Confidential.

Worker Exposure: Confidential.

Test Marketing Period: 6 months.

Commencing on: August 17, 1984.

Risk Assessment: No significant health or environmental concerns were identified. The estimated worker exposure and environmental release of the test market substance are expected to be low. The test market substance will not pose any unreasonable health or environmental risks.

Public Comments: None.

The Agency reserves the right to rescind approval or modify the

conditions and restrictions of an exemption should any new information come to its attention which casts significant doubt on its finding that the test marketing activities will not present any unreasonable risk of injury to health or the environment.

Dated: August 17, 1984.

Don R. Clay,
Director, Office of Toxic Substance.

[FR Doc. 84-22908 Filed 8-28-84; 8:45 am]

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[OPTS-47003C; FRL-2642-3]

Acrylamide; Decision Not To Require Health Effects Testing

Correction

In FR Doc. 84-20112, beginning on page 30592 in the issue of Tuesday, July 31, 1984, make the following correction: On page 30594, first column, the twenty-second line should read "Strain A lung adenoma assay were not"

BILLING CODE 1505-01-M

[PF-380; OPP-FRL 2629-5]

Mobay Chemical Corp., Pesticide Tolerance Petitions

Correction

In FR Doc. 84-18607, appearing on page 29135 in the issue of Wednesday, July 18, 1984, the second heading of the document should read as it appears in brackets above.

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[FRL-2661-7]

Organic Chemicals Manufacturing Plastics and Synthetic Fibers Pesticide Chemicals Manufacturing; Intent To Transfer Confidential Information to a Contractor

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of intent to transfer confidential information to a contractor.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) intends to transfer or to grant access to confidential information collected under Section 308 of the Clean Water Act to selected EPA contractors. This information will assist the contractors in analyzing, revising, and reviewing the technical and economic data base which supports effluent limitations and standards and NPDES permits required by the Clean Water Act. This information will also assist contractors in analyzing technical data and information which supports

hazardous waste listings established under Subtitle C of the Solid Waste Disposal Act as amended by the Resource, Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976.

DATES: Comments on the notice of transfer are due September 10, 1984.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Carol Lindsay, Organic Chemicals Branch, Effluent Guidelines Division (WH-552), Office of Water Regulations and Standards, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 401 M Street, SW., Washington, D.C. 20460, (202)382-7174 or the individuals specified below.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: The Clean Water Act of 1977 requires the Environmental Protection Agency to develop, revise, and review effluent limitations and standards for industrial point sources. The Office of Water Regulations and Standards is responsible for the industrial point source categories. EPA has awarded a prime contract to JRB Associated of McLean, VA including Environmental Science and Engineering, Incorporated (ESE), Gainesville, Florida, Interface Inc., Fort Collins, CO, and Environ, Washington, D.C. as subcontractors and Dr. Gary Liberson, Lloyd Associates, Inc., Washington, D.C. and Dr. William Lowenbach, George Washington University, Washington, D.C. as consultants (Contract NO. 68-01-6947), and other contractors as specified below to provide technical and economic analyses and other contract support to the Office of Water Regulations and Standards.

Executive Order 12291 requires the Agency to conduct a Regulatory Impact Analysis (RIA) for each major rule it proposes or promulgates. Technical assistance and other RIA contract support for the OCPSF industry study is provided to the Office of Policy Analysis by Industrial Economics, Inc. through Contract Nos. 68-01-6543 and 68-01-6558.

The Clean Water Act also requires EPA and authorized States to issue NPDES permits. EPA awarded a contract to JRB Associates of McLean, VA (Contract No. 68-01-6514) to provide technical assistance and other contract support to the Office of Water Enforcement and Permits. The data collected from questionnaires and from field sampling and analysis surveys will be used as a supplemental source of technical information to assure that appropriate permit conditions are established for each plant.

The Solid Waste Disposal Act, as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 creates under