

CATALOG DOCUMENTATION
NATIONAL COASTAL ASSESSMENT- NORTHEAST DATABASE
YEAR 2002 STATIONS
FISH COUNTS DATA; "FISH_LEN"

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. DATASET IDENTIFICATION
2. INVESTIGATOR INFORMATION
3. DATASET ABSTRACT
4. OBJECTIVES AND INTRODUCTION
5. DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING METHODS
6. DATA MANIPULATIONS
7. DATA DESCRIPTION
8. GEOGRAPHIC AND SPATIAL INFORMATION
9. QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE
10. DATA ACCESS AND DISTRIBUTION
11. REFERENCES
12. TABLE OF ACRONYMS
13. PERSONNEL INFORMATION

1. DATASET IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Title of Catalog document

National Coastal Assessment-Northeast Region Database
Year 2002 Stations
Fish Length and Pathology data

1.2 Authors of the Catalog entry

John Kiddon, U.S. EPA NHEERL-AED
Harry Buffum, CSC Corp.

1.3 Catalog revision date

August 2007

1.4 Dataset name

FISH_LEN

1.5 Task Group

National Coastal Assessment-Northeast

1.6 Data Set Identification Code

011

1.7 Version

001

1.8 Request for Acknowledgment

EMAP requests that all individuals who download EMAP data acknowledge the source of these data in any reports, papers, or presentations. If you publish these data, please include a statement similar to: "Some or all of the data described in this article were produced by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency through its Environmental Monitoring and Assessment Program (EMAP)".

2. INVESTIGATOR INFORMATION (for full addresses see Section 13)

2.1 Principal Investigators (NCA Northeast Region)

Donald Cobb, U.S. EPA NHEERL-AED
Walter Galloway, U.S. EPA NHEERL-AED
Stephen Hale, U.S. EPA NHEERL-AED
John Kiddon, U.S. EPA NHEERL-AED
Norman Rubinstein, U.S. EPA NHEERL-AED
Charles Strobel, U.S. EPA NHEERL-AED
Henry Walker, U.S. EPA NHEERL-AED

2.2 Sample Collection Investigators

Donald Cobb, U.S. EPA NHEERL-AED

2.3 Sample Processing Investigators

John Kiddon, U.S. EPA NHEERL-AED

3. DATASET ABSTRACT

3.1 Abstract of the Dataset

The FISH_LEN data file contains the following information for each taxa of fish caught in a standard trawl at a station: the station identifier, trawl date, common name and size class of the fish taxa caught, the fork length of the fish, and the frequency and location of pathologies. Data are reported for no more than the first 30 fish per taxon caught. Scientific (Latin) names for the fish taxa can be found in the FISH_TAX table. One record is presented per taxon at a station.

3.2 Keywords for the Data Set

fish length, pathology

4. OBJECTIVES AND INTRODUCTION

4.1 Program Objective

The National Coastal Assessment (NCA) is a national monitoring and assessment program with the primary goal of providing a consistent evaluation of the estuarine condition in U.S. estuaries. It is an initiative of the Environmental Monitoring and Assessment Program (EMAP), and is a partnership of several federal and state environmental agencies, including: EPA's Regions, Office of Research and Development, and Office of Water; state environmental protection agencies in the 24 marine coastal states and Puerto Rico; and the United States Geological Survey (USGS) and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Agency (NOAA). The NCA program was initiated in 2000, and known as the Coastal 2000 Program.

Stations were randomly selected using EMAP's probabilistic sampling framework and were sampled once during a summer index period (June to October). A consistent suite of indicators was used to measure conditions in the water, sediment, and in benthic and fish communities. The measured data may be used by the states to meet their reporting requirements under the Clean Water Act, Section 305(b). The data will also be used to generate a series of national reports characterizing the condition of the Nation's estuaries.

4.2 Data Set Objective

The objective of the FISH_LEN file is to report the fork length and incidence of pathologies in no more than the first 30 fish per taxon collected in standard and nonstandard trawls.

4.3 Background Discussion

Refer to Section 4.4 for a list of dataset parameters. Additional information about selected parameters are discussed in this section.

The information collected in the fish surveys are reported in five data files. FTRAWL presents information regarding fish trawls and abundance of unique species per standard trawl. FISH_CNT contains the number of fish per species per standard trawl. FISH_LEN specifies fork length of individual fish and the frequency and location of pathologies observed in a ship-board inspection. CRAB_LOB presents abundance and size data for crustaceans caught in standard trawls. TISSCHEM reports the concentrations of about 75 chemical analytes measured in composites samples of fish, lobsters or crabs collected at a station. The lookup table FISH_TAX lists the common and scientific names of all fish identified in standard trawls.

The FISH_LEN file reports fork lengths of the first 30 (or so) fish of a species caught in a standard trawl. (For ST_COOP = CT-FSH and MA-FSH, the lengths of all fish are reported.) The file also reports the frequency and location of several fish pathologies. The information contained in the parameters GILLDISC, PARTALB, SCIOLOS, LYMPHOC, and AMBICOL pertain only to ST_COOP = MA-FSH. F_CLASS is a parameter used only by ST_COOP = NJ-DB and NJ-C to identify lots of fish. FSEQNUM is a sequence number identifying individuals of a species at a station. If the standard trawl did not provide a sufficient number of fish for chemical analyses, additional nonstandard trawls were conducted. Fish from these auxiliary trawls are not included in this file.

NCA planners provide two alternate locations for a station location in the event that the original location cannot be sampled. The parameter STA_ALT indicates whether the station location was the original site, first alternate, or second alternate—STA_ALT = "A", "B", or "C", respectively. Also refer to discussion in the STATIONS metadata file regarding use of this parameter during analysis of the data.

Massachusetts did not participate in the NCA program in 2002. Rhode Island conducted fish trawls only in 2002, and collected physical water parameters in conjunction with the trawls. Connecticut collected all parameters, but at an abbreviated group of in-shore stations (stations in the Long Island Sound intended for sampling in 2002 were sampled in 2003).

4.4 Summary of Data Set Parameters

- * denotes parameters that should be used as key fields when merging data files
- *STATION Station identifier
- *STAT_ALT Station location (A, B, or C)
- *EVNTDATE Date of sampling event
- *FTRAWLID Fish Trawl Identifier
- *FCOMNAME Fish taxa common name
- F_CLASS Fish size classification
- FSEQNUM Fish sequence number
- FLLENGTH Length (mm)
- COMP_ID Fish chemistry composite identifier
- LUMPS Fish pathology: lumps

| | |
|----------|------------------------------------|
| LUMP_LOC | Location of lumps |
| GROWTHS | Fish pathology: growths |
| GRWTHLOC | Location of growths |
| ULCERS | Fish pathology: ulcers |
| ULCERLOC | Location of ulcers |
| FINROT | Fish pathology: fin erosion |
| FROT_LOC | Location of fin erosion |
| GILL_ER | Fish pathology: gill erosion |
| GE_LOC | Location of gill erosion |
| GILL_DC | Fish pathology: gill discoloration |
| GD_LOC | Location of gill discoloration |

5. DATA ACQUISITION AND PROCESSING METHODS

5.1 Data Acquisition / Field Sampling

The sample collection methods used by USEPA trained field crews will be described here. NCA Standard trawls are identified by TRWLTYPE=NCA. Any significant variations by other NCA partners are noted in Section 5.1.12.

5.1.1 Sampling Objective

To collect a representative sample of fish at a station using a standard trawl. Additional nonstandard trawls were conducted when necessary to collect enough fish for chemical analyses.

5.1.2 Sample Collection and Ship-Board Processing: Methods Summary

The EPA standard fish trawl was conducted using a funnel-shaped net that filters fish from the near bottom waters. Fish were herded into the net by ground wire and an overhanging panel. Standard trawls were 10 ± 2 minutes in duration with a towing speed of 2-3 knots through the water against the prevailing current (1-3 knots relative to the bottom). An auxiliary, nonstandard trawl was performed to collect fish for tissue chemistry samples if an insufficient quantity were obtained in the standard trawl. Fish from the auxiliary trawls were used for chemical analyses only, and were not included in the standardized survey counts used to characterize the fish community structure.

All fish caught in a standard trawl were counted on board ship and immediately identified using the scientific and common names listed in the FTAXON file. Fork lengths (carapace widths for crabs and lobster) in mm were measured on approximately the first 30 individuals of each species found at a station. A visual inspection for obvious signs of pathology was conducted on all fish measured for length. A subset of fish, crabs, or lobster were randomly chosen for chemical analysis. These test organisms were tagged and frozen individually, then combined into groups of 2-10 organisms of same species for later processing as composite samples. Each group was assigned a composite ID (SAMPLEID) and sent to the analytical lab for chemical analysis.

5.1.3 Beginning Sampling Date

12 July 2002

5.1.4 Ending Sampling Date

29 October 2002

5.1.5 Sampling Platform

All program partners collected samples from various gasoline or diesel powered boats, 25 to 27 feet in length.

5.1.6 Sampling Equipment

The trawl net consisted of a funnel-shaped high-rise sampling trawl. The net includes a 16 meter tow line, a chain sweep, 5 cm mesh wings, and a 2.5 cm cod end.

5.1.7 Manufacturer of Sampling Equipment

Not applicable

5.1.8 Key Variables

Not applicable

5.1.9 Sample Collection: Calibration

The sampling gear does not require calibration.

5.1.10 Sample Collection: Quality Control

A trawl was considered void if one or more of the following conditions occurred:

1. Trawl could not be completed because of boat malfunction, vessel traffic, or major disruption of gear
2. Boat speed exceeded the prescribed range
3. The cod-end became untied
4. The net was filled with mud or debris
5. A portion of the catch was lost prior to processing
6. The tow lines became separated
7. The net was torn in a way that significantly altered net efficiency

If a successful trawl could not be performed within 1½ hours, the site was considered unsampleable. Quality assurance audits were performed to verify the identification and measurement techniques of the field crew.

5.1.11 Sample Collection: References

Strobel, C.J. 2000. Coastal 2000-Northeast Component: Field Operations Manual U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, National Health and Environmental Effects Research Laboratory, Atlantic Ecology Division, Narragansett, RI. EPA/620/R-00/002.

5.1.12 Sample Collection: Alternate Methods

Trawl records with the following Trawl Codes did not follow NCA standards.

| TRLTYPE | Name | Description |
|---------|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| RI | Rhode Island Fish Survey Trawl | 20 minutes standard |

5.2 Data Preparation and Sample Processing

All parameters reported in this file were measured aboard ship immediately following the trawl (see Section 5.1).

5.2.1 Sample Processing Objective

Not applicable

5.2.2 Sample Processing: Methods Summary

Not applicable

5.2.3 Sample Processing: Calibration

Not applicable

5.2.4 Sample Processing: Quality Control

Not applicable

5.2.5 Sample Processing: References

Not applicable

5.2.6 Sample Processing: Alternate Methods

Not applicable

6. DATA ANALYSIS AND MANIPULATIONS

6.1 Name of New or Modified Values

Not applicable

6.2 Data Manipulation Description

Not applicable

7. DATA DESCRIPTION

7.1 Description of Parameters

7.1.1 Components of the Data Set

| NAME | TYPE | LENGTH | LABEL |
|----------|------|--------|------------------------------------|
| STATION | Char | 9 | Station Identifier |
| STAT_ALT | Char | 1 | Station Location (A,B or C) |
| EVNTDATE | Num | 8 | Date of Sampling Event |
| FTRAWLID | Char | 15 | Trawl Identifier |
| FCOMNAME | Char | 30 | Fish Taxa Common Name |
| F_CLASS | Char | 12 | Size Classification |
| FSEQNUM | Num | 4 | Fish Sequence Number |
| FLENGTH | Num | 4 | Fish Length (cm) |
| LUMPS | Char | 1 | Fish Pathology: Lumps |
| LUMP_LOC | Char | 20 | Locations of Lumps |
| GROWTHS | Char | 1 | Fish Pathology: Growths |
| GRWTHLOC | Char | 20 | Locations of Growths |
| ULCERS | Char | 1 | Fish Pathology: Ulcers |
| ULCERLOC | Char | 20 | Locations of Ulcers |
| FINROT | Char | 1 | Fish Pathology: Fin Erosion |
| FROT_LOC | Char | 20 | Locations of Fin Erosion |
| GILL_ER | Char | 1 | Fish Pathology: Gill Erosion |
| GE_LOC | Char | 20 | Locations of Gill Erosion |
| GILL_DC | Char | 1 | Fish Pathology: Gill Discoloration |

GD_LOC Char 1 Locations of Gill Discoloration

7.1.2 Precision of Reported Values
As displayed in Section 7.1.3 and 7.1.4.

7.1.3 Minimum Value in Data set

Variable Minimum Value
FLENGTH 11

7.1.4 Maximum Value in Data set

Variable Maximum Value
FLENGTH 1118

7.2 Data Record Example

| STATION | STAT_ALT | EVNTDATE | FCOMNAME | F_CLASS | FSEQNUM | FLENGTH |
|-----------|----------|-----------|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| DE02-0021 | A | 9/19/2002 | ATLANTIC SILVERSIDE | | 1 | 80 |
| DE02-0021 | A | 9/19/2002 | HOGCHOKER | | 1 | 62 |
| DE02-0021 | A | 9/19/2002 | HOGCHOKER | | 2 | 90 |

1

LUMPS LUMP_LOC GROWTHS GRWTHLOC ULCERS ULCERLOC FROT_LOC GILL_ER FINROT

GE_LOC GILL_DC GD_LOC

8. GEOGRAPHIC AND SPATIAL INFORMATION

8.1 Minimum Longitude (Westernmost)
-75.7737 decimal degrees

8.2 Maximum Longitude (Easternmost)
-67.0939 decimal degrees

8.3 Minimum Latitude (Southernmost)
38.4521 decimal degrees

8.4 Maximum Latitude (Northernmost)
44.9456 decimal degrees

8.5 Name of area or region

The National Coastal Assessment Northeast Region covers the northeastern US coastline from Maine to Delaware

9. QUALITY CONTROL AND QUALITY ASSURANCE

9.1 Measurement Quality Objectives

9.2 Data Quality Assurance Procedures

Inspection of the sampling gear for tears or improper assemblage is done at the beginning of every trawl event.

10. DATA ACCESS

10.1 Data Access Procedures

Data can be downloaded from the web

<http://www.epa.gov/emap/nca/html/regions/index.html>

10.2 Data Access Restrictions

None

10.3 Data Access Contact Persons

John Kiddon, U.S. EPA NHEERL-AED, Narragansett, RI
401-782-3034, 401-782-3030 (FAX), kiddon.john@epa.gov

Harry Buffum, Data Manager, CSC, Narragansett, RI
401-782-3183, 401-782-3030 (FAX), buffum.harry@epa.gov

10.4 Dataset Format

ASCII (CSV) and SAS Export files

10.5 Information Concerning Anonymous FTP

Not available

10.6 Information Concerning WWW

No gopher access, see Section 10.1 for WWW access

10.7 EMAP CD-ROM Containing the Dataset

Data not available on CD-ROM

11. REFERENCES

Strobel, C.J. 2000. Environmental Monitoring and Assessment Program: Coastal 2000 - Northeast component: field operations manual. Narragansett (RI): U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, National Health and Environmental Effects Research Laboratory, Atlantic Ecology Division. EPA/620/R-00/002. 68 p.

U.S. EPA. 2001. National Coastal Assessment: Field Operations Manual. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Research and Development, National Health and Environmental Effects Research Laboratory, Gulf Ecology Division, Gulf Breeze, FL. EPA/620/R-01/003. 72 p.

U.S. EPA. 2001. Environmental Monitoring and Assessment Program (EMAP): National Coastal Assessment Quality Assurance Project Plan 2001-2004. U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Office of Research and Development, National Health and Environmental Effects Research Laboratory, Gulf Ecology Division, Gulf Breeze, FL. EPA/620/R-01/002. 189 p.

12. TABLE OF ACRONYMS

AED Atlantic Ecology Division
 DE Delaware
 CSC Computer Sciences Corporation
 CT Connecticut
 EMAP Environmental Monitoring and Assessment Program
 EPA Environmental Protection Agency
 MA Massachusetts
 ME Maine
 mm Millimeters
 NCA National Coastal Assessment
 NH New Hampshire
 NHEERL National Health and Environmental Effects Research Laboratory
 NJ New Jersey
 NY New York
 NYC New York City
 PA Pennsylvania
 QA/QC Quality Assurance/Quality Control
 RI Rhode Island
 UNH University of New Hampshire
 WWW World Wide Web

13. PERSONNEL INFORMATION

Chuck Audette, Database Analyst
 Computer Sciences Corporation
 27 Tarzwell Drive, Narragansett, RI 02882-1197
 401-782-3092, 401-782-3030 (FAX), audette.chuck@epa.gov

Harry Buffum, Database Manager
 Computer Sciences Corporation
 27 Tarzwell Drive, Narragansett, RI 02882-1197
 401-782-3183, 401-782-3030 (FAX), buffum.harry@epa.gov

Don Cobb, NCA Project Officer
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, NHEERL-AED
 27 Tarzwell Drive, Narragansett, RI 02882-1197
 401-782-9616, 401-782-3030 (FAX), cobb.donald@epa.gov

Walter Galloway, NCA Project Officer
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, NHEERL-AED
 27 Tarzwell Drive, Narragansett, RI 02882-1197
 401-782-3096, 401-782-3030 (FAX), galloway.walt@epa.gov

Steve Hale, EMAP Information Manager
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, NHEERL-AED
 27 Tarzwell Drive, Narragansett, RI 02882-1197
 401-782-3048, 401-782-3030 (FAX), hale.stephen@epa.gov

Melissa Hughes, Data Librarian
 Computer Sciences Corporation
 27 Tarzwell Drive, Narragansett, RI 02882-1197
 401-782-3184, 401-782-3030 (FAX), hughes.melissa@epa.gov

John Kiddon, NCA Analyst and Northeast QA Manager
 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, NHEERL-AED
 27 Tarzwell Drive, Narragansett, RI 02882-1197

401-782-3044, 401-782-3030 (FAX), kiddon.john@epa.gov

John Macauley, NCA QA Officer
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, NHEERL-GED
1 Sabine Island Dr., Gulf Breeze, FL 32561
850-934-9353, macauley.john@epa.gov

Norman Rubinstein, NCA Project Officer
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, NHEERL-AED
27 Tarzwell Drive, Narragansett, RI 02882-1197
401-782-3045, 401-782-3030 (FAX), rubinstein.norman@epa.gov

Charlie Strobel, AED Analyst and Project Officer
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, NHEERL-AED
27 Tarzwell Drive, Narragansett, RI 02882-1197
401-782-3180, 401-782-3030 (FAX), strobel.charles@epa.gov

Kevin Summers, Acting National NCA Program Director
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, NHEERL-GED
1 Sabine Island Dr., Gulf Breeze, FL 32561
850-934-9244, summers.kevin@epa.gov

Hal Walker, Northeast NCA Program Director and Analyst
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, NHEERL-AED
27 Tarzwell Drive, Narragansett, RI 02882-1197
401-782-3007, 401-782-3030 (FAX), walker.henry@epa.gov